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"Promoting the responsible and efficient use of tax dollars, and carrying out an educational role with respect to wealth creation and responsible public policy."

About

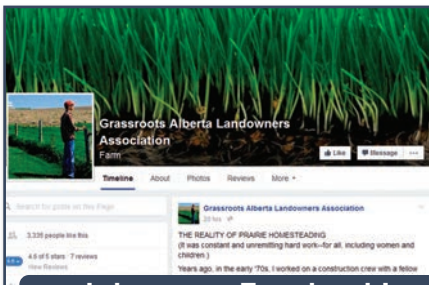
The purpose of Grassroots Alberta Citizens Initiative is to promote the responsible and efficient use of tax dollars, and to carry out an educational role with respect to wealth creation and responsible public policy. This publication is a project of Grassroots Alberta Citizens Initiative. See inside back cover for more information.



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The Okotoks Big Rock: Moved by climate change

It's the most prominent mountain peak located entirely within Alberta. Originally, it was called the Mountain of the Great Crossing. The early French traders referred to it as La Montagne de la Grande Traversée. In 1916, the name was changed to Mount Edith Cavell.

Edith Cavell was a British nurse. She worked at a hospital in Brussels during WWI. At the time, Brussels was under German control. As Allied soldiers were wounded, many ended up in Cavell's medical facility. She not only patched them up. She helped them escape.



Mount Edith Cavell is 250-300 miles (350-500 km) northwest of Okotoks, which is interesting because that is where a huge chunk of rock thought to be from Mount Edith Cavell is resting. It's known as the Okotoks erratic, and was moved by climate change that occurred a long time ago.



Cavell was arrested in the summer of 1915 and executed, betrayed by a man she should have been able to trust.

Cavell was arrested in 1915, betrayed by a man she should have been able to trust. She had helped about 60 British and 15 French soldiers escape.

In October 1915, the Germans had Cavell executed by firing squad, turning her into one of the most famous people in the Allied war effort. Following her death, memorials were established all over the world.

Hospitals, streets, care homes, schools, and colleges were named in Cavell's honour. There was even an Edith Cavell postage stamp. In Alberta, we named a mountain after her. The Mountain of the Great Crossing became Mount Edith Cavell.



Mount Edith Cavell is about 60 miles (100 km) southwest of Hinton. It's 250-300 miles (350-500 km) northwest of Okotoks, which is interesting because that is where the Okotoks Big Rock, a huge chunk of rock thought to be from Mount Edith Cavell, is resting.

The Big Rock is an erratic—a rock not native to an area—that has been transported far from its origin by melting glacial ice. Located 7 km west of Okotoks, it measures 40 metres by 18 metres by 9 metres, and weighs 18,000 tons. It's the largest glacial erratic in the world, and is one of numerous erratics that lie along a narrow strip that stretches from Jasper National Park to Montana.


At one time, Canada's Yukon was one of the few parts of our country not covered with ice. Saskatoon was under a

mile of ice. Massive sheets of the stuff stretched as far south as the 38th parallel. Then came climate change. Ice melted. Ocean levels changed. But why?

Princeton Journal Watch says the “evidence is strong that ice ages are driven by periodic changes in the amount of sunlight reaching the poles due to changes in the Earth’s rotation and orbit.”

Princeton indicates that “although the timing of ice ages are best explained by changes in sunlight in the northern part of the globe,” warming occurs first in the southern hemisphere, with a corresponding rise of carbon dioxide (CO₂), also seeming to start in the south.¹

Climate change and global warming are not unique to the planet Earth or to the 21st century. A few years ago, *Live Sci-*



“Anyone who claims that the [climate change] debate is over and the conclusions are firm has a fundamentally unscientific approach to one of the most momentous issues of our time.”

— Pål Brekke

Brekke is a solar physicist/astrophysicist whose thesis focused on the sun's ultraviolet (UV) emissions. He was part of science operations at NASA's Goddard Space Flight Center and is a Senior Advisor at the Norwegian Space Centre. He has published dozens of peer-reviewed scientific articles.

ence stated, “Earth is heating up lately, but so are Mars, Pluto, and other worlds in our solar system, leading scientists to speculate that a change in the sun’s activity is the common thread.”²

Some politicians and environmentalists insist that the cause of climate change is carbon dioxide alone brought about through the use of fossil fuel.³

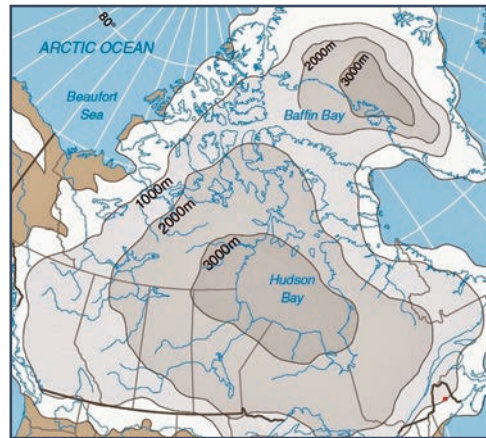
The Climate Models Are “Full of Fudge Factors”

Recently, the Global Warming Policy Foundation (GWPF) issued a report with a foreword by Freeman Dyson, one of the world’s better-known and more famous scientists. Dyson and the report’s authors looked at climate change, and in particular at CO-2.⁴ They say:

Models used to influence policy on climate change have overestimated the rate of warming, under-estimated direct benefits of CO-2, over-estimated the harm from climate change and underestimated human capacity to adapt so as to capture the benefits.

When journalist Paul Mulshine asked Dyson about climatologists who predict massive warming, Dyson responded, “Their computer models are full of fudge factors.”⁵

It’s clear that the computer models are wrong, Dyson said, noting that global temperatures were absolutely flat be-



Canada was covered with massive ice sheets that melted due to climate change long before diesel engines and coal-fired electricity were invented. (The depth of the ice sheets is in metres.)⁹

tween 2000 and 2010—even though human activity poured record amounts of CO-2 into the atmosphere.

According to Mulshine, Dyson is quick to point out that there’s more evidence for the beneficial effects of CO-2 than negative effects. “It’s certainly true that CO-2 is good for vegetation,” Dyson said. “About 15 percent of agricultural yields are due to the CO-2 we put in the atmosphere.”

Dyson says the problem when talking global warming is that the computer models can’t be trusted. They’re simply models. He added that the discrepancy be-

tween climate change predicted by computer models and what’s actually occurred these past years has been revealing and distinct.

IPCC’s Summary for Policy Makers says the increase between the average temperatures of the 1850–1900 period and the 2003–2012 period is 0.78°C, based on the single longest dataset available.⁸

Climate Change on Mars

Habibullo Abdussamatov, head of space research at Pulkovo Astronomical Observatory, has linked climate change on Mars to fluctuations in the sun's output. He also blames solar fluctuations for Earth's warming. His comments were published by *National Geographic News*.⁶

“Man-made greenhouse warming has [made a] small contribution [to] the warming on Earth in recent years, but [it] cannot compete with the increase in solar irradiance,” Abdussamatov said. “The considerable heating and cooling on the Earth and on Mars always will be practically parallel.”

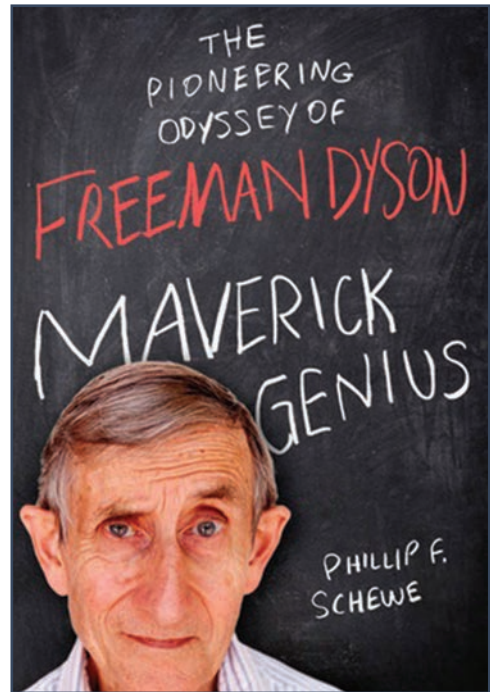
Climate Change Is Always Occurring

Climate change is always occurring. According to the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, during the era known as the PETM, the global mean temperature “appears to have risen by as much as 5-8°C (9-14°F) to an average temperature as high as 73°F.” (Today's global average is less than 60° F.)⁷

According to the IPCC's Summary for Policy Makers, the total increase between the average temperatures of the 1850–1900 period and the 2003–2012

period is 0.78°C, based on the single longest dataset available.⁸

The University of North Carolina reports that in places such as the U.S. southeast, temperatures are—on average—actually cooler today than they were 100 years ago.¹⁰



For decades, Dyson has been regarded as one of the world's most important thinkers. He says the computer models that calculate global warming are “full of fudge factors.” In an interview with journalist Paul Mulshine, he pointed out how significant it is that as much as 15% of global agricultural production is due to increasing levels of CO-2 in the post-Industrial Revolution era.

Above: Cover of the book *Maverick Genius: The Pioneering Odyssey of Freeman Dyson*.

- 1 <https://blogs.princeton.edu/research/2013/04/30/how-the-ice-ages-ended/>
- 2 <http://www.livescience.com/1349-sun-blamed-warming-earth-worlds.html>
- 3 http://earthguide.ucsd.edu/virtualmuseum/climatechange2/07_1.shtml
- 4 <http://www.thegwpf.org/content/uploads/2015/10/benefits1.pdf>
- 5 http://blog.nj.com/njv_paul_mulshine/2013/04/climatologists_are_no_einstein.html
- 6 <http://news.nationalgeographic.com/news/2007/02/070228-mars-warming.html>
- 7 <https://www.climate.gov/news-features/climate-qa/whats-hottest-earths-ever-been>
- 8 https://www.ipcc.ch/pdf/assessment-report/ar5/wg1/WGIAR5_SPM_brochure_en.pdf
- 9 Image: Australian Climate Sceptics (<http://theclimatescepticsparty.blogspot.ca/>) and written-in-stone.blogspot.ca
- 10 <https://climate.ncsu.edu/edu/k12/climatechange.SE>

World-class scientists: CO-2 is not a pollutant Despite the claims of Premiers Notley and Wynne

In speaking about her climate pact with Premier Kathleen Wynne of Ontario, Rachel Notley said: “Partnerships like these are critical to meeting our shared objectives to reduce carbon pollution.”

Clearly, Notley believes carbon dioxide (CO-2) is a pollutant. No small number of academics and world-class scientists would disagree.

Will Happer is an atomic physicist at Princeton and a member of JASON, a small group of elite scientists who advise the U.S. government on matters of science and technology, mostly of a sensitive nature. Happer is also past director of the Office of Science at the U.S. Department of Energy.

Happer says: “We need to be vigilant to keep our land, air, and waters free of real pollution... but carbon dioxide (CO-2) is not one of these pollutants.” Testifying before the U.S. Congress, he said: “We try to keep CO-2 levels in our U.S. Navy submarines no higher than 8,000 parts per million, about 20 times current atmospheric levels. Few adverse effects are observed at even higher levels.”

Freeman Dyson, like Happer, is one of the elite scientists involved with JASON. For more than four decades, Dyson taught theoretical physics at Princeton’s Institute for Advanced



Study, which the *New York Times* called “the most rarefied community of scholars.” The *Times* says Dyson is “a scientist whose intelligence is revered” even by scientists.

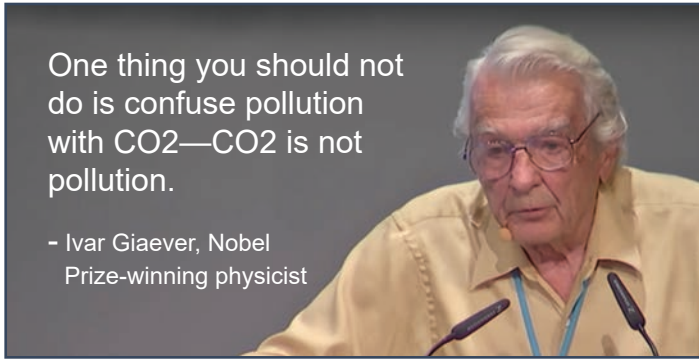
Dyson says: “The idea that global warming is the most important problem facing the world is total nonsense and is doing a lot of harm.”

Nobel Prize-winning physicist Ivar Giaever calls climate change alarmism a new religion. He said: “In the last 100 years... temperatures [have] gone up 0.8 degrees C and everything... has gotten better. So how can [we] say it’s going to get worse when we have the evidence? We live longer, [have] better health, and better everything. But if it goes up another 0.8 degrees C we are going to die, I guess.”

There are environmental organizations that share the perspective of these scientists. The group “Plants Need CO-2” is

One thing you should not do is confuse pollution with CO₂—CO₂ is not pollution.

- Ivar Giaever, Nobel Prize-winning physicist



change, and that the empirical evidence (as opposed to computer climate models) indicates CO₂ is not a major driver of that change. Historically, rising CO₂ levels do not precede changes in temperature, the group says. Instead, rising

CO₂ levels follow temperature change.

big on exploding pollution myths about wetlands and plant life. The group, headed by the past chair of the National Wetlands Coalition and twice chair of the Audubon Nature Institute, says it's false to say that CO₂ is a pollutant.

Government agencies and Premier Notley may refer to CO₂ as a pollutant, but the undeniable fact is that CO₂ is not a pollutant, but a life-giving gas. Without it, our planet would be dead.

The “Plants Need CO₂” group says that there are 20+ factors driving climate

by Kevin Avram

Landowners: You'll want to consider the steel and concrete associated with wind turbines

Many landowners who accept wind turbines on their property don't necessarily think through what the remediation process is going to involve, or what the impact might be long term.

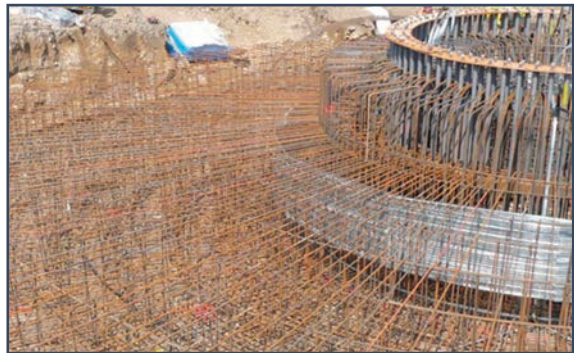


Image: StopTheseThings.com

Base sizes vary, but do require vast quantities of steel and concrete.

The bases of these big wind turbines can be massive. The online web story accompanying the photo on the right said: “The construction of one typical turbine involves the use of heavy equipment to create roads to the site; dig a hole 10 feet deep and 100 feet wide. Into this are deposited 53 truckloads of concrete and 96,000 lbs of steel rebar.”

In other words, once the turbine is removed in 15, 20, or 25 years, what will happen to the 96,000 pounds of steel and the rock-solid 53 truckloads of concrete that make up the base?

Leading thinkers and scientists speak out against climate change alarmism

The following quotes and comments are taken from a report assembled by the U.S. Senate Environment and Public Works Committee. The report is a compilation of statements and observations made by hundreds of prominent scientists and leading academics. (The full report is at: GrassrootsAlberta.ca)

Frailty of Models



“Since I am no longer affiliated with any organization nor receiving any funding, I can speak quite frankly... As a scientist I remain skeptical...”

“The main basis of the claim that man’s release of greenhouse gases is the cause of the warming is based almost entirely upon climate models. We all know the frailty of models concerning the air-surface system.”

(Atmospheric scientist Dr. Joanne Simpson, the first woman in the world to receive a Ph.D. in meteorology, formerly of NASA, who has authored more than 190 studies and has been called “among the most preeminent scientists of the last 100 years.”)

Not Very Scientific



“Anyone who claims that the debate is over and the conclusions are firm has a fundamentally unscientific approach to one of the most momentous issues of our time.”

(Solar physicist Dr. Pål Brekke, senior advisor to the Norwegian Space Centre in Oslo. Brekke has published more than 40 peer-reviewed scientific articles on the sun and solar interaction with the Earth.)

Where Are the Real Measurements?



“So far, real measurements give no ground for concern about a catastrophic future warming.”

(Scientist Dr. Jarl R. Ahlbeck, a chemical engineer at Abo Akademi University in Finland, author of 200 scientific publications.)

People Will Feel Deceived When They Find Out the Truth



“[Warming fears are the] worst scientific scandal... When people come to know what the truth is, they will feel deceived by science and scientists.”

(UN IPCC Japanese scientist Dr. Kiminori Itoh, an award-winning Ph.D. environmental physical chemist.)

Not Just a Fringe



“It is a blatant lie put forth in the media that makes it seem there is only a fringe of scientists who don’t buy into anthropogenic global warming.”

[U.S. government atmospheric scientist Stanley B. Goldenberg of the Hurricane Research Division of National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA).]

Thinkers and scientists on climate change Cont'd

Political Tool



“The ‘global warming scare’ is being used as a political tool to increase government control over American lives, incomes, and decision-making.”

(Award-winning NASA astronaut/geologist and moonwalker Jack Schmitt who flew on the Apollo 17 mission, formerly of the Norwegian Geological Survey and the U.S. Geological Survey.)

Atmospheric Hot Spot Is Missing



“I have yet to see credible proof of carbon dioxide driving climate change, yet alone man-made CO-2 driving it. The atmospheric hot-spot is missing and the ice core data refute this. When will we collectively awake from this deceptive delusion?”

[Dr. G. LeBlanc Smith, a retired Principal Research Scientist with Australia's Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organization (CSIRO).]

Rejects Alarmist View



“The Earth's temperature rose by 0.7 per cent in the 20th century, but there was also an increase in piracy. Does that mean piracy causes global warming?”

“There is new work emerging... that shows we can have a very close correlation between the temperatures of the

Earth and supernova and solar radiation. We geologists have seen climate change for 4500 million years. Tell us something new.”

(Prize-winning geologist Dr. Ian Plimer is a professor of Earth and Environmental Sciences at the University of Adelaide in Australia.)

Opaque Verbiage



“Once one gets past the opaque verbiage... it is clear that most of the negative impacts listed... are overstated, while the positive impacts are understated.”

[Indur M. Goklany, Ph.D., who has represented the United States at the International Panel on Climate Change and in the negotiations leading to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change, also scrutinized the UN's IPCC Summary for Policymakers (SPM) released in 2007.]

The Benefits of Warmth



“I don't argue that we're having global warming, but I find the effects are going to be small.”

“Americans in particular will benefit from a warmer climate in many ways, including longer growing seasons and reduced heating costs.”

(Global warming author and economist Dr. Thomas Gale Moore is a former professor at Michigan State University, a senior fellow at the Hoover Institute, and author of the book *Climate of Fear: Why We Shouldn't Worry about Global Warming.*)

Asinine Comments



“After reading [UN IPCC chairman] Pachauri’s asinine comment [comparing skeptics to] Flat Earthers, it’s hard to remain quiet.”

(Climate statistician Dr. William M. Briggs, who specializes in the statistics of forecast evaluation, serves on the American Meteorological Society’s Probability and Statistics Committee, and is an Associate Editor of *Monthly Weather Review*.)

Climate Models Unreliable



“Gore prompted me to start delving into the science again and I quickly found myself solidly in the skeptic camp... Climate models can at best be useful for explaining climate changes after the fact.”

(Meteorologist Hajo Smit of Holland, who reversed his belief in man-made warming to become a skeptic, is a former member of the Dutch UN IPCC committee.)

Natural Circulation



“The quantity of CO-2 we produce is insignificant in terms of the natural circulation between air, water and soil...”

“I am doing a detailed assessment of the UN IPCC reports and the Summaries for Policy Makers, identifying the way in which the Summaries have distorted the science.”

(South African nuclear physicist and chemical engineer Dr. Philip Lloyd, a UN IPCC co-coordinating lead author who has also authored over 150 refereed publications.)

Ideology to Promote Social Control



“Creating an ideology pegged to carbon dioxide is a dangerous nonsense.”

“The present alarm on climate change is an instrument of social control, a pretext for... political battle. It became an ideology, which is concerning.”

(Environmental scientist Delgado Domingos, the founder of the Numerical Weather Forecast group, has more than 150 published articles.)

It’s About Control and Fear



“CO-2 emissions make absolutely no difference one way or another.”

“Global warming, as a political vehicle, keeps Europeans in the driver’s seat and developing nations walking barefoot.”

(Dr. Takeda Kunihiko, vice-chancellor of the Institute of Science and Technology Research at Chubu University in Japan.)

Scaremongering



“The [global warming] scaremongering has its justification in the fact that it is something that generates funds.”

(Award-winning paleontologist Dr. Eduardo Tonni of the Committee for Scientific Research in Buenos Aires and head of the Paleontology Department at the University of La Plata.)

Thinkers and scientists on climate change Cont'd

A lot of Inaccuracies



Geologist Dr. Don Easterbrook chastised Al Gore for his scientific inaccuracies.

“There are a lot of inaccuracies in the statements we are seeing, and we have to temper that with real data,” Easterbrook said in a *New York Times* article.

“[Easterbrook] hotly disputed Mr. Gore’s claim that ‘our civilization has never experienced any environmental shift remotely similar to this threatened change.

“‘Nonsense,’ Dr. Easterbrook told the crowded session. He flashed a slide that showed temperature trends for the past 15,000 years. It highlighted 10 large swings, including the medieval warm period.

“These shifts, he said, were up to ‘20 times greater than the warming in the past century.’

In another interview, Easterbrook said: “The validity of a scientific concept is not a matter of how many people vote for it or against it.

“It’s a matter of the evidence upon which it’s based. And the truth is there is no real tangible evidence of the connection between CO-2 and global warming.”

(Geologist Dr. Don J. Easterbrook, Emeritus Professor at Western Washington University, who has authored eight books and 150 journal publications.)

There’s No Catastrophe Developing



“The climate cannot be predictably managed with such [emission reduction] proposals given the uncertainty of natural variations. For example, to make a 10 percent dent in CO-2 would require 1000 nuclear power plants and this would still not make a measurable difference on whatever the climate will do anyway.”

“I don’t see a catastrophe developing from our emissions into the air of what should be correctly identified as ‘plant food.’”

“I’m full of optimism about the continued growth of wealth and health around the world. This wealth will create cleaner environments even in countries where persistent poverty has destroyed too much habitat and fouled too many rivers.”

(Alabama State climatologist Dr. John Christy of the University of Alabama in Huntsville, formerly of NASA, served as a UN IPCC lead author in 2001 for the 3rd assessment report and detailed how he witnessed scientists distorting the science.)

Weak Arguments



“Many distinguished scientists refuse to participate in the IPCC process, and others have resigned from it, because in the end the advice that the panel provides to governments is political and not scientific.

“Although at least \$50 billion has been spent on climate research, the science arguments for a dangerous human influence on global warming have, if anything, become weaker since the establishment of the IPCC in 1988.”

“For more than 90 per cent of recent geological time, the cores show that the earth has been colder than today.

“We modern humans are lucky to live towards the end of the most recent of the intermittent, and welcome, warm interludes. It is a 10,000-year-long period called the Holocene, during which our civilizations have evolved and flourished.

“Similar cores through polar ice reveal, contrary to received wisdom, that past temperature changes were followed—not preceded, but followed—by changes in the atmospheric content of carbon dioxide. Yet the public now believes strongly that increasing human carbon dioxide emissions will cause runaway warming.”

(Paleoclimate scientist Dr. Bob Carter of Australia’s James Cook University and former chairman of the earth science panel of the Australian Research Council.)

The Misinformation Army



“Al Gore brought me back to the battle and prompted me to do renewed research in the field of climatology. And because of all the misinformation that Gore and

his army have been spreading about climate change I have decided that ‘real’ climatologists should try to help the

public understand the nature of the problem. I hope by writing a book that I have contributed to the effort to combat the ‘alarmists’ who are trying to harm this country.”

(Climatologist Robert Durrenberger, past president of the American Association of State Climatologists.)

Subverting Public Understanding



“I fear that attempts are being made to purposefully subvert the public understanding of the nature of science in order to achieve political goals.”

“Science is not about consensus, and to invoke this raises the hackles of scientists such as myself. The lure of politics and publicity is no doubt seductive, but it nevertheless amazes me that so many scientists have jumped on the bandwagon of consensus science, apparently forgetting or ignoring the sad history of consensus science.”

(Space physicist Dr. James Wanliss of Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University received a prestigious award from the National Science Foundation.)

Climate Fears Are Unfounded



“People should not allow themselves to be deluded by the computer-modeled speculation with which they are bombarded in the news media these days.”

(Atmospheric scientist Dr. Augie Auer of the New Zealand Climate Science Coalition, former professor at the University of Wyoming, and former Met Service chief meteorologist.)

Drumbeats of False Alarm



“In point of fact, the hypothesis that solar variability and not human activity is warming the oceans goes a long way to explain the puzzling idea that the Earth’s surface

may be warming while the atmosphere is not. The GHG (greenhouse gas) hypothesis does not do this.”

“The public is not well served by this constant drumbeat of false alarms... manipulated by advocates.”

(Dr. David Wojick is a UN IPCC expert reviewer who earned his Ph.D. in Philosophy of Science and co-founded the Department of Engineering and Public Policy at Carnegie-Mellon University.)

Natural Origin



“The temperature increase has a pronounced natural origin and is not determined by the ‘greenhouse effect’ of greenhouse gases.”

“Even if the concentration of ‘greenhouse gases’ double, man would not perceive the temperature impact.”

“The real causes of climate change lie in the unevenness of the sun’s radiation, in the precession (amendment of the rotational axis) of the earth, in the instability of the ocean currents in the periodic desalination and salinity of surface waters... The main causes of which are the solar activity and the luminosity. The higher these parameters, the higher the temperature.”

[Russian scientist Dr. Oleg Sorochtin (name also sometimes translated to spell Soroktin) of the Insti-

tute of Oceanology at the Russian Academy of Sciences has authored more than 300 studies, nine books, and a paper titled *The Evolution and the Prediction of Global Climate Changes on Earth*. Sorochtin, who made several Antarctic expeditions, rejected man-made climate fears.]

Scare Tactics



“The best measurements of sea level rise are from satellite instruments called altimeters. Currently they measure 14 inches in 100 years. Everyone agrees that

there is no acceleration. Even the UN IPCC quotes this... If you increase the rate of rise by four times, it will take 146 years to rise to five feet. Sea level rise is the ‘scare tactic’ for these guys.”

(State of Florida climatologist Dr. Jim O'Brien, professor emeritus of Florida State University, who serves as the director of the Center for Ocean-Atmospheric Prediction Studies.)

It's Politics



“The claims of the IPCC are dangerous unscientific nonsense.”

“The [IPCC] ‘Summary for Policymakers’ might get a few readers, but the main purpose of the report is to provide a spurious scientific backup for the absurd claims of the worldwide environmentalist lobby that it has been established scientifically that increases in carbon dioxide are harmful to the climate. It just does not matter that this ain’t so.”

(Dr. Vincent Gray of New Zealand, IPCC reviewer, climate researcher, and scientist.)

Who is Freeman Dyson

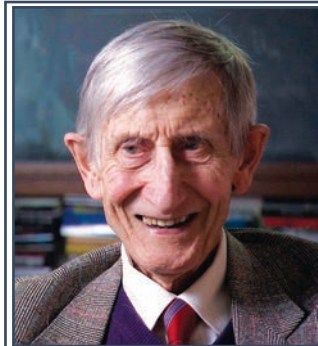
Freeman Dyson is a scientist of enormous stature. For more than four decades, he taught theoretical physics at Princeton's Institute for Advanced Study—described by the *New York Times* as “the most rarefied community of scholars” in the U.S.

The *Times* says Dyson is “a scientist whose intelligence is revered by other scientists.” One colleague describes him as “infinitely smart.” Another says: “You point Freeman at a problem and he'll solve it. He's extraordinarily powerful.”

Dyson is also a longstanding member of JASON—“a small government-financed group of the country's finest scientists” that evaluates matters of an often classified nature. At JASON meetings, in which everyone present is considered brilliant, reports the *Times*, someone will idly pose a math question and Dyson will quickly provide an answer, pointing out that “the smallest such number is 18 digits long.”

In the words of one of Dyson's colleagues, “When this happened one day at lunch, the table fell silent; nobody had the slightest idea how Freeman could have known such a fact or... could have derived it in about two seconds.”

Dyson, who has written several books and received numerous awards (includ-



A former colleague of Einstein's, Freeman Dyson is considered by many to be one of the most brilliant men in the world.

ing 21 honorary degrees), is a big-picture thinker. The *Times* says he's known for his “penetrating ability to grasp the method and significance of what many kinds of scientists do.”

For the past four years, Dyson has challenged prevailing ideas about climate change. He thinks the computer-generated climate models are flawed

because scientists have too little information about the variables.

Dyson on Climate Change

“The idea that global warming is the most important problem facing the world is total nonsense and is doing a lot of harm.”

“The average ground temperature of the Earth is impossible to measure since most of the Earth is ocean... So this average ground temperature is a fiction.”

“Just because you see pictures of glaciers falling into the ocean doesn't mean anything bad is happening... It's part of the natural cycle of things.”

“Computer models of the climate... [are] a very dubious business if you don't have good inputs.”

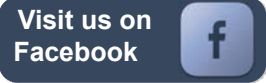
“It makes very little sense to believe the output of the climate models.”

“When I listen to the public debates about climate change, I am impressed by... the superficiality of our theories.”

Dyson bio from NoConsensus.org

Grassroots Alberta on Facebook

The following two pages are adapted from Grassroots Alberta's Facebook page



Hacked Emails

Bill Whittle is a writer, commentator, and journalist who wonders why university professors who champion climate alarmism feel they have to "massage" the way they present what they're doing.

Whittle points to hacked emails from the University of East Anglia in Norwich, England, which is a flagship facility for the proponents of climate change alarm. The story of these hacked emails was reported all over the world, including in the *UK Telegraph*.

Phil Jones, head of the Climatic Research Unit, is a professor from East Anglia featured in the *Telegraph's* report on "hacked" emails. The quotes below and the short commentary following each of the hacked emails are excerpted directly from the *Telegraph* article:

From: Phil Jones. To: Many

"I've just completed Mike's Nature [the science journal] trick of adding in the real temps to each series for the last 20 years (ie, from 1981 onwards) and from 1961 for Keith's to hide the decline." (Critics cite this as evidence that data was manipulated to mask the fact that global temperatures are falling. Prof. Jones claims the meaning of "trick" has been misinterpreted.)

From Phil Jones. To: Michael Mann [Pennsylvania State University]

"I can't see either of these papers being in the next IPCC report. Kevin and I will keep them out somehow — even if we have to redefine what the peer-review literature is!" (The IPCC is the UN body charged with monitoring climate change. The scientists did not want it to consider studies that challenge the view that global warming is genuine and man-made.)

From: Kevin Trenberth [US National Center for Atmospheric Research]. To: Michael Mann

"The fact is that we can't account for the lack of warming at the moment and it is a travesty that we can't... Our observing system is inadequate." (Prof. Trenberth appears to accept a key argument of global warming sceptics—that there is no evidence temperatures have increased over the past 10 years.)



Bill Whittle is a political commentator, director, screenwriter, editor, author, and pilot. He is best known for his PJ Media internet videos and short films.



"As it now stands, politicians are throwing money that they do not have... in order to finance solutions that make no difference.

"The time has come to call a halt to this nonsense and focus on real issues that pose real dangers. In a world beset by war, terrorism, and continuing third-world poverty, there are far more important things on which political leaders need to focus."

— Canadian Michael Hart, emeritus professor and author of the book, *Hubris: The Troubling Science, Economics, and Politics of Climate Change*

More About Wind Turbines in Ontario

(From Blackburn News, a network of local newsrooms in southwestern and midwestern Ontario)

Former banker Warren Howard reminds landowners to learn more about the [wind turbine] lease before signing. "Make sure you talk to your lawyer and get him to explain the details of the contract.... Don't get surprised on these things. You don't just say, 'Oh yes, that sounds like a good idea,' and sign away the land for 20 years. Which is what happened in Elma Mornington in most cases," says Howard. Howard says farmers who sign leases are essentially surrendering control of their entire farm for the next 20 years to the wind company. He adds the lease allows them "to enter the farm, any part of the farm... WPD gets to say where the wind turbines go and there's absolutely no consultation with the landowners."



Image: WindOntario.ca

He says the lease is registered on title, which may prevent farmers from using their land to get credit to run the farm operation. Howard says decommissioning a wind turbine is the landowners' problem and can cost upwards of \$1 million. So \$20,000 a year and a \$100,000 letter of credit will not cover it. Howard says once coal was eliminated, Ontario's mostly nuclear- and hydro-based power system was very clean and green. But he says according to the society of professional engineers, the province must increase greenhouse gas-producing natural gas production to back up all wind/solar power added to the system.

The Climate Is Always Changing

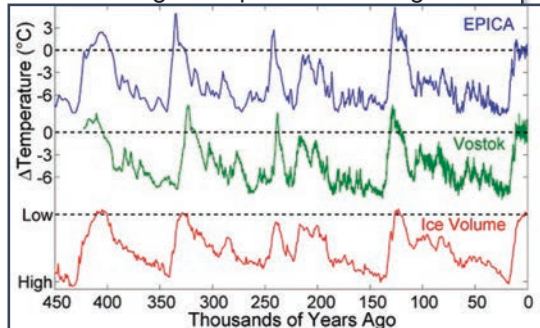
The climates of the earth have always been changing, and they will doubtless continue to do so in the future. How large these future changes will be, and where and how rapidly they will occur, we do not know.*

In the more distant past, there have been major shifts in climate, such as the Little Ice Age from 1300 to 1850. Over that period, average temperatures dropped some three degrees. Winters were harsh and summers short in North America, Eurasia, and some regions of the southern temperate zone. In medieval times, a warming from 900 to 1300 led to the Norse settlement of Iceland and Greenland and visits to North America.

*Statements made by the U.S. National Academy of Sciences, and quoted in the U.S. Congressional Record (Senate) V 149 PT 15.

SOURCE: http://www.cs.mcgill.ca/~rwest/link-suggestion/wpcd_2008-09_augmented/wp/i/lce_age.htm

Ice Age Temperature Changes

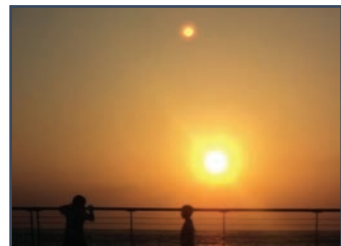


EPICA—The European Project for Ice Coring in Antarctica
 VOSTOK—Vostok Station is a Russian research station in Antarctica
 Graph is widely available online including at:
http://www.cs.mcgill.ca/~rwest/link-suggestion/wpcd_2008-09_augmented/wp/i/lce_age.htm

If You Are Wondering What the Federal Government Did With the Income Tax You Paid Last Year

Canada committed \$22.6 million to support African scientists on climate change solutions.

Marie-Claude Bibeau, Minister of International Development and La Francophonie, announced on Wednesday, August 31, 2016, that Canada will contribute \$22.6 million over five years to... train African mathematical scientists to develop climate change adaptation and mitigation solutions.



NASA's CO-2 stance blasted by 49 scientists and astronauts who worked there

More than one online news story has wondered if NASA is playing fast and loose with climate change science, which has been the contention of a group of 49 former NASA scientists and astronauts.

The group sent a letter to NASA administrator Charles Bolden Jr., blasting the agency for making unwarranted claims about the role of carbon dioxide in global warming, Business Insider reported.

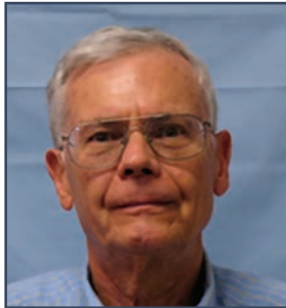
“We believe the claims by NASA and GISS [NASA Goddard Institute for Space Studies], that man-made carbon dioxide is having a catastrophic impact on global climate change are not substantiated, especially when considering thousands of years of empirical data,” the group wrote.

“With hundreds of well-known climate scientists and tens of thousands of other scientists publicly declaring their disbelief in the catastrophic forecasts, coming particularly from the GISS leadership, it is clear that the science is NOT settled.”

The group features some marquee names, including Michael F. Collins, Walter Cunningham, and five other Apollo astronauts, as well as two former directors of NASA's Johnson Space Center in Houston.



Image (above): Astronaut Michael F. Collins



The letter included a request for NASA to refrain from mentioning CO-2 as a cause of global warming in future press releases and websites. The agency's "Global Climate Change" web page says, "Humans have increased atmospheric CO-2 concentration by a third since the Industrial Revolution began."

(The letter is online at: WattsUpWithThat.com.)

Image left: Dr. Donald Bogard was a Principal Investigator at NASA's Science Directorate (Johnson Space Center). Other signatories

of the letter included Dr. Christopher Kraft, Director of Johnson Space Center; Dr. Henry Decell, Chief, Theory & Analysis Office; Dr. Phillip Chapman, scientist, astronaut; and Jerry Bostick, Principal Investigator, Science Directorate.



The group sent a letter to NASA administrator Charles Bolden Jr., blasting the agency for making unwarranted claims about the role of carbon dioxide in global warming.

The climate models failed miserably

Dr. Roy W. Spencer, Ph.D. (meteorology) is a Principal Research Scientist at the University of Alabama at Huntsville. He was a Senior Scientist for Climate Studies at NASA, where he and Dr. John Christy received NASA's Exceptional Scientific Achievement Medal for their global temperature monitoring work with satellites. Spencer's work with NASA continues as the U.S. Science Team leader for the Advanced Microwave Scanning Radiometer flying on NASA's Aqua satellite. Spencer maintains an informative climate blog. The following is an excerpt:

I'm seeing a lot of wrangling over the recent (15+ year) pause in global average warming... when did it start, is it a full pause, shouldn't we be taking the longer view, etc.

These are all interesting exercises, but they miss the most important point: the climate models that governments base policy decisions on have failed miserably.

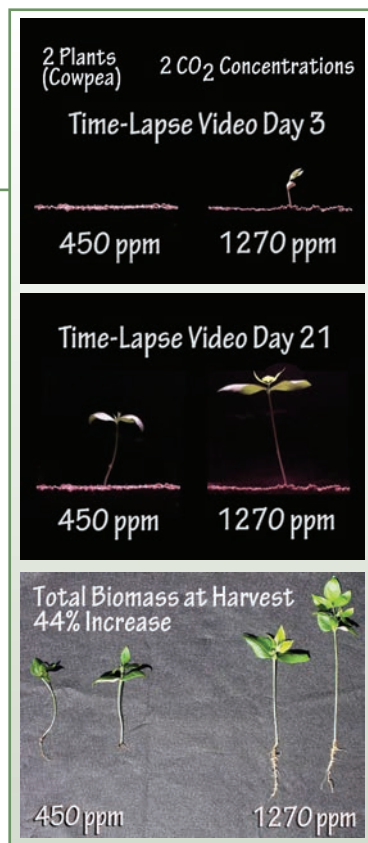


I've updated our comparison of 90 climate models versus observations for global average surface temperatures through 2013, and we still see that >95% of the models have over-forecast the warming trend since 1979, whether we use their own surface temperature dataset (HadCRUT4), or our satellite dataset of lower tropospheric temperatures (UAH). (See: www.drroyspencer.com)

The impact of CO-2 on plant growth

Rachel Notley claims CO-2 is pollution. In these images, we see the exact impact of Notley's "pollution" (CO-2) on plant growth. As reported elsewhere, prominent scientists like Princeton's Freeman Dyson (a scientist of enormous stature) say if it weren't for slightly elevated levels of CO-2, the world's food supply would be in trouble. In an interview with Paul Mulshine of the *Star Ledger*, Dyson said: "It's certainly true that carbon dioxide is good for vegetation. About 15% of agricultural yields are due to CO-2 we put in the atmosphere. From that point of view, it's a real plus to burn coal and oil."

The photos are from a video produced by the Center for the Study of Carbon Dioxide and Global Change. They reveal comparative growth when exposed to 450 parts per million (PPM) of carbon dioxide compared to 1270 ppm of carbon dioxide. (Actual current CO-2 levels are just over 400 ppm.) The Center's website is accessed at: <http://www.co2science.org/index.php>



A climate of fear, cash, and correctitude

Earth's geological, archaeological, and written histories are replete with climate changes: big and small, short and long, benign, beneficial, catastrophic, and everything in between. The Medieval Warm Period (950-1300 AD or CE) was a boon for agriculture, civilization, and Viking settlers in Greenland.

The Little Ice Age that followed (1300-1850) was calamitous, as were the Dust Bowl and the extended droughts that vanquished the Anasazi and Mayan cultures.

Repeated Pleistocene Epoch ice ages covered much of North America, Europe, and Asia under mile-thick ice sheets that denuded continents, stunted plant growth, and dropped ocean levels 400 feet for thousands of years.

Modern environmentalism, coupled with fears first of global cooling and then of global warming, persuaded politicians to launch the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change.

Its original goal was to assess possible human influences on global warming and potential risks of human-induced warming. However, it wasn't long before the Panel minimized, ignored, and dismissed non-human factors to such a degree that its posture became the mantra that only humans are now affecting climate. Over the last three decades, five IPCC "assessment reports," dozens of computer models, scores of conferences, and thousands of papers focused almost entirely on human fossil fuel use



Repeated Pleistocene Epoch ice ages covered much of North America, Europe, and Asia under massive ice sheets that denuded continents, stunted plant growth, and dropped ocean levels 400 feet for thousands of years.

and carbon dioxide/greenhouse gas emissions as being responsible for "dangerous" global warming, climate change, climate "disruption," and almost every "extreme" weather or climate event.

Taxpayers alone are providing billions of dollars annually for research focused on human factors, through the EPA [Environmental Protection Agency] and other government agencies. The universities and other institutions routinely take 40% or more off the top for "project management" and "overhead."

None of them wants to derail that gravy train, and all fear that accepting grants to study natural factors... would imperil funding from sources that have ideological, political, or crony corporatist reasons for making grants tied to man-made warming.

Excerpted from "A Climate of Fear, Cash, and Correctitude" by Paul Driessen and Dennis Mitchell, Committee for a Constructive Tomorrow (CFACT). CFACT is a leading source of constructive debate on issues related to the environment, climate, and legislative policies that shape the quality of our lives. See: www.cfact.org.

The myth of the climate change '97%'

John Cook, an Australia-based blogger, and some of his friends reviewed abstracts of peer-reviewed papers published from 1991 to 2011. Mr. Cook reported that 97% of those who stated a position explicitly or implicitly suggest that human activity is responsible for some warming. His findings were published in *Environmental Research Letters*.

Cook's work was quickly debunked. In *Science & Education* in August 2013, for example, David Legates (a professor of geography at the University of Delaware and former director of its Center for Climatic Research) and three coauthors reviewed the same papers as Cook and found that only: "0.3 percent



of all 11,944 abstracts or 1.0 percent of the 4,014 expressing an opinion, and not 97.1 percent—had been found to endorse" the claim that human activity is causing most of the current warming.

Excerpted from the *Wall Street Journal*, "The Myth of the Climate Change '97%'" by Joe Bast, president of the Heartland Institute, and Dr. Roy Spencer, a principal research scientist at the University of Alabama, and the U.S. Science Team leader for the Advanced Microwave Scanning Radiometer on NASA's Aqua satellite.

Who are the real deniers of science



Science is the language of facts, and when people pretend to be speaking it, they're not only claiming that their preferences are more than mere opinions, they're also insinuating that anyone who disagrees is a fool for objecting to "settled science."

Scientists are constantly questioning their understanding of things; that is what science does. All the great scientists of history are justly famous for overturning the assumptions of their fields.

The real problem is that in politics, invocations of science are very often mar-

keting techniques masquerading as appeals to irrefutable authority.

I'm not saying that you can't have science in your corner, or that lawmakers shouldn't look to science when making policy. (Legislation that rejects the existence of gravity makes for very silly laws indeed.)

But the real intent behind so many claims to "settled science" is to avoid having to make your case. It's an undemocratic technique for delegitimizing opposing views and saying "shut up" to dissenters.

Excerpted from "Who are the Real Deniers of Science" by Jonah Goldberg, senior editor at *National Review*. See: <http://www.nationalreview.com/>

NASA establishes connection between the sun and climate change in old Nile river records

Almost ten years ago, NASA announced that it had found a link between the sun and climate change. The report said that direct measurements of light energy emitted by the sun (taken by satellites and other modern scientific techniques) suggest the sun's activity influences Earth's long-term climate. There were no measured climate records of this type until the relatively recent scientific past.

According to NASA, scientists have traditionally relied upon indirect data gathering methods to study climate in the Earth's past, such as drilling ice cores in Greenland and Antarctica. Such samples of accumulated snow and ice drilled from deep within ice sheets or glaciers contain trapped air bubbles whose composition can provide a picture of past climate conditions.

Now, however, a group of NASA and university scientists has found a convincing link between long-term solar and climate variability in a unique and unexpected source: directly measured ancient water level records of the Nile, Earth's longest river.

Alexander Ruzmaikin and Joan Feynman of NASA's Jet Propulsion Labora-



A group of NASA and university scientists found a convincing link between long-term solar and climate variability in a unique and unexpected source: directly measured ancient water level records of the Nile, Earth's longest river.

tory, Pasadena, Calif., together with Dr. Yuk Yung of the California Institute of Technology, have analyzed Egyptian records of annual Nile water levels collected between 622 and 1470 A.D. at Rawdah Island in Cairo.

These records were then compared to another well-documented human record from the same time period: observations of the number of auroras reported per decade in the Northern Hemisphere.

Auroras are bright glows in the night sky that happen when mass is rapidly ejected from the sun's corona, or following solar flares. They are an excellent means of tracking variations in the sun's activity.

"Since the time of the pharaohs, the water levels of the Nile were accurately measured, since they were critically im-

portant for agriculture and the preservation of temples in Egypt,” Feynman said. “These records are highly accurate and were obtained directly, making them a rare and unique resource for climatologists to peer back in time.”

NASA says the researchers found clear links between the sun’s activity and climate variations. The Nile water levels and aurora records had two somewhat regularly occurring variations in common—one with a period of about 88 years and the second with a period of about 200 years.

The researchers said the findings have climate implications that extend far beyond the Nile River basin.

So what causes these cyclical links between solar variability and the Nile? The

authors suggest that variations in the sun’s ultraviolet energy cause adjustments in a climate pattern called the Northern Annular Mode, which affects climate in the atmosphere of the Northern Hemisphere during the winter.

At sea level, this mode becomes the North Atlantic Oscillation, a large-scale seesaw in atmospheric mass that affects how air circulates over the Atlantic Ocean.

During periods of high solar activity, the North Atlantic Oscillation’s influence extends to the Indian Ocean. These adjustments may affect the distribution of air temperatures.

The original web posting to which this article refers can be seen at: <http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=1319>

Dr. Patrick Moore



Dr. Patrick Moore has been a leader in the international environmental field for over 40 years. He is a co-founder of Greenpeace and served for nine years as president of Greenpeace Canada

and seven years as a director of Greenpeace International. As the leader of many campaigns, Dr. Moore was a driving force shaping policy and direction for 15 years while Greenpeace became the world’s largest environmental activist organization.

In recent years, Dr. Moore has focused on the promotion of sustainability and con-

sensus building among competing concerns. He was a member of British Columbia’s government-appointed Round Table on the Environment and Economy from 1990-1994. In 1990, Dr. Moore founded and chaired the BC Carbon Project, a group that worked to develop a common understanding of climate change.

Iam skeptical humans are the main cause of climate change and that it will be catastrophic in the near future. There is no scientific proof of this hypothesis, yet we are told “the debate is over” and “the science is settled.”

Continued on next page

GrassrootsAlberta.ca

Continued from previous page



IPCC has a hopeless conflict of interest. Its mandate is to consider only the human causes of global warming, not the many natural causes changing the climate for billions of years. If the IPCC panelists and members did not find humans were the cause of warming, they'd all be out of a job.

My skepticism begins with the believers' certainty they can predict the global climate with a computer model. The entire basis for the doomsday climate change scenario is the hypothesis increased atmospheric carbon dioxide due to fossil fuel emissions will heat the Earth to unlivable temperatures.

In fact, the Earth has been warming very gradually for 300 years, since the Little Ice Age ended, long before heavy use of fossil fuels. Prior to the Little Ice Age, during the Medieval Warm Period, Vikings colonized Greenland and Newfoundland, when it was warmer there than today. And during Roman times, it was warmer, long before fossil fuels revolutionized civilization.

The idea it would be catastrophic if carbon dioxide were to increase and average global temperature were to rise a few degrees is preposterous.

Recently, the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) announced

for the umpteenth time we are doomed unless we reduce carbon-dioxide emissions to zero. Effectively this means either reducing the population to zero, or going back 10,000 years before humans began clearing forests for agriculture. This proposed cure is far worse than adapting to a warmer world, if it actually comes about.

IPCC Conflict of Interest

By its constitution, the IPCC has a hopeless conflict of interest. Its mandate is to consider only the human causes of global warming, not the many natural causes changing the climate for billions of years. We don't understand the natural causes of climate change any more than we know if humans are part of the cause at present. If the IPCC did not find humans were the cause of warming, or if it found warming would be more positive than negative, there would be no need for the IPCC under its present mandate. To survive, it must find on the side of the apocalypse.

The IPCC should either have its mandate expanded to include all causes of climate change, or it should be dismantled.

Political Powerhouse

Climate change has become a powerful political force for many reasons. First, it is universal; we are told everything on Earth is threatened. Second, it invokes the two most powerful human motivators: fear and guilt. We fear driving our car will kill our grandchildren, and we feel guilty for doing it.

Third, there is a powerful convergence of interests among key elites that support the climate “narrative.” Environmentalists spread fear and raise donations; politicians appear to be saving the Earth from doom; the media has a field day with sensation and conflict; science institutions raise billions in grants, create whole new departments,

and stoke a feeding frenzy of scary scenarios; business wants to look green, and get huge public subsidies for projects that would otherwise be economic losers, such as wind farms and solar arrays. Fourth, the Left sees climate change as a perfect means to redistribute wealth from industrial countries to the developing world and the UN bureaucracy.

So we are told carbon dioxide is a “toxic” “pollutant” that must be curtailed, when in fact it is a colorless, odorless, tasteless gas and the most important food for life on earth. Without carbon dioxide above 150 parts per million, all plants would die.

Human Emissions Saved Planet

Over the past 150 million years, carbon dioxide had been drawn down steadily (by plants) from about 3,000 parts per million to about 280 parts per million



“Environmentalists spread fear and raise donations; politicians appear to be saving the Earth from doom; the media has a field day with sensation and conflict; science institutions raise billions in grants, create whole new departments, and stoke a feeding frenzy of scary scenarios.” - Patrick Moore

before the Industrial Revolution. If this trend continued, the carbon dioxide level would have become too low to support life on Earth. Human fossil fuel use and clearing land for crops have boosted carbon dioxide from its lowest level in the history of the Earth back to 400 parts per million today.

At 400 parts per million, all our food crops, forests, and natural ecosystems are still on a starvation diet for carbon dioxide. The optimum level of carbon dioxide for plant growth, given enough water and nutrients, is about 1,500 parts per million, nearly four times higher than today. Greenhouse growers inject carbon dioxide to increase yields. Farms and forests will produce more if carbon dioxide keeps rising.

We have no proof increased carbon dioxide is responsible for the Earth's slight warming over the past 300 years. There has been no significant warming for 18 years while we have emitted 25 per cent of all the carbon dioxide ever emitted. Carbon dioxide is vital for life on Earth and plants would like more of it. Which should we emphasize to our children?

Celebrate Carbon Dioxide

The IPCC's followers have given us a vision of a world dying because of carbon-dioxide emissions. I say the Earth would be a lot deader with no carbon dioxide, and more of it will be a very positive factor in feeding the world. Let's celebrate carbon dioxide.

Printed with permission from the Heartland Institute. The original web posting is available at: <https://www.heartland.org/news-opinion/news/why-i-am-a-climate-change-skeptic>

Carbon Dioxide Is Not a Pollutant

Astute Bloggers is a website that has won many awards. Its byline reads: "Dedicated to exposing disinformation and propaganda." The site addresses the issue of carbon dioxide by stating:

The fact is that CO₂ is not a pollutant. CO₂ is a colorless and odorless gas, exhaled at high concentrations by each of us, and a key component of the biosphere's life cycle. Plants do so much better with more CO₂ that greenhouse operators often increase the CO₂ concentrations by factors of three or four to get better growth.

Although the number of publicly dissenting scientists is growing, many young scientists furtively say that while they have serious doubts about the global-warming message, they are afraid to speak up for fear of not being promoted—or worse.

This is not the way science is supposed to work, but we have seen it before—for example, in the frightening period when Trofim Lysenko hijacked biology in the Soviet Union. Soviet biologists who revealed that they believed in genes, which Lysenko maintained were a bourgeois fiction, were fired from their jobs. Many were sent to the gulag.



Trofim Lysenko rose to dominance after delivering a passionate speech denouncing the deniers of politically approved scientific theories as "reactionary and decadent." He stated that such people were "enemies of the Soviet people." Because of Lysenko many real scientists and geneticists in Russia were sent to gulags or disappeared.

The UN IPCC's competing graphs

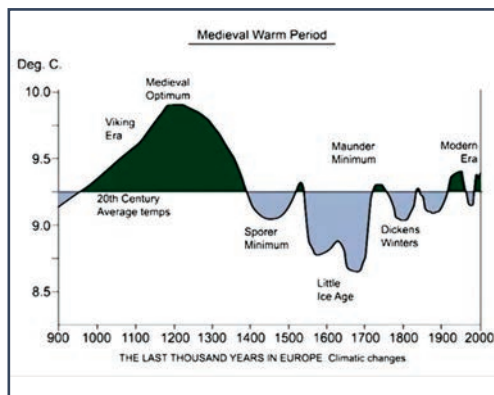
The two graphs on this page and the accompanying text are excerpted from the video *Global Warming War*, directed by Luke Dillard and released by South House Entertainment and B-EZ Productions.

Dr. Tim Ball Stated:

This graph [to the right] appeared in the first two Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change reports, but it created a problem because it contradicted their argument that, "Oh, [it] is warmer [now] than it has ever been."

It was warmer [back] when the Vikings were sailing in Arctic waters that are now permanent pack ice—when the Vikings [were] setting up settlements in northern Newfoundland and at L'Anse aux Meadows [on the northernmost tip of the island of Newfoundland] and generally moving around the whole of the northern hemisphere in areas that you can't get into now.

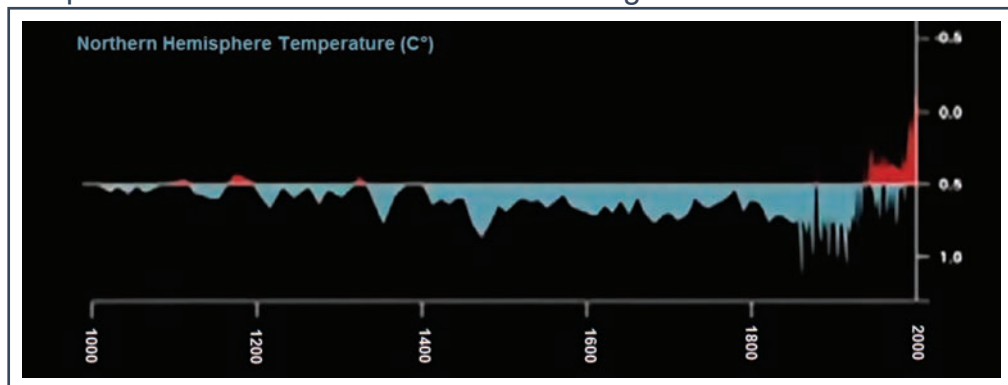
Tim Ball is a retired professor who taught at the Univ. of Winnipeg. His Ph.D. thesis was on climate change in Central Canada (1714-1850).



Dr. David Deming Stated:

In 1995, I was sitting at my desk and I received what I thought was an astonishing email from a person that I would describe as a major researcher in the area of global warming and climate change, and what he said in the email was (quote) *We have to get rid of the Medieval Warm Period* (end quote). And I was just astonished when I read that because I thought that our job as scientists and researchers was not to alter the historical temperature record [to create] some sort of ideology or political

Graph that minimizes the Medieval Warming Period



agenda, but that it was to go out and discover what had actually happened and then tell people.

So what they had to do was exactly what I was told. They had to get rid of the Medieval Warming Period, and a few years after, I was told that is when we first saw the appearance of the infamous hockey stick record, which completely rewrote [the outcome of] all of the scientific articles and research that had been published in the preceding decades on what the temperature record in the last thousand years was, and all of a sudden now it was completely flat for defining temperature up into the 20th century when it

shot up like a spike, and thus the name, “hockey stick,” because the graph [now] resembled the shape of a hockey stick. [See “the adjusted graph” at the bottom of the previous page.]

Dr. David Deming is an associate professor at the University of Oklahoma. He graduated in 1983 with a degree in geology, and received a Ph.D. in geophysics in 1988. Prior to his arrival at the University of Oklahoma in 1992, Deming held a National Research Council postdoctoral fellowship at the U.S. Geological Survey in California.

As a geophysicist, Deming has written numerous articles skeptical of global warming. He has stated that weather and climate change are natural processes beyond human control, and that to argue otherwise is to deny factual evidence.

Archaeologists discover 13,800-year-old underwater site at Haida Gwaii

(More evidence of naturally occurring climate change and shifting sea levels.)

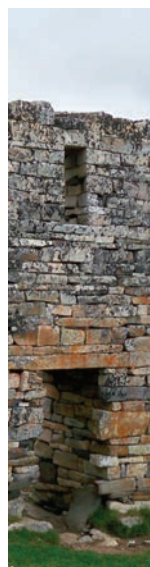
Not long ago, just off the Canadian west coast at Haida Gwaii (formerly known as the Queen Charlotte Islands), under 400 feet of water, is a recently discovered Haida site where early Canadians lived and worked and thrived. In other words, evidence that climate change and shifting sea levels have been going on for a long, long time.

According to one news report, this puts the earliest habitation in Canada at around 13,800 years ago. Scientists believe that area was at sea level 14,000 years ago. The area has been submerged by 120 metres of water since the last Ice Age. The oldest artifact in Canada prior

to this discovery came from Gwaii Haanas National Park Reserve and Haida Heritage Site—it was dated to 12,700 years old.



Off Canada's west coast, using an underwater vessel, researchers recently discovered a Haida historic site where early Canadians lived and worked. It's under 400 feet of ocean and estimated to be almost 14,000 years old. Its existence is evidence of the fact that climate change affecting sea level is an historic fact and has been going on for eons.



It's been colder and it's been warmer:

Major climate events that occurred
long before there were diesel
engines and pipelines

From the Climate File at the Frontier Centre for Public Policy

Humans have always been at the mercy of rapid climate changes. The planet endured 7 or 8 ice ages during the last million years. Our ancestors have adapted to irregular cycles of cooling and warming, floods and droughts since the last Ice Age 10,000 years ago. They developed strategies for surviving harsh droughts, decades of heavy rainfall, or long cold periods with failing crops.

The Arrival of the Medieval Warm Period (MWP)

During the 9th and 10th centuries, a warm period arrived in the north Atlantic that made it possible for the Norse population along the overpopulated Norwegian coast to sail and colonize Iceland. Records indicate that in 874 the Vikings took advantage of favourable ice conditions and permanently colonized the island. Earlier, Iceland had always been surrounded by ice, therefore its name.

For a few hundred years, Iceland, with a mild and stable climate, hosted a thriving colony of Norsemen. They survived because it was possible to grow crops and grass to feed sheep. The new settlers from mainland Norway were able to grow various cereals during this mild period, crops that cannot be grown on Iceland today. That this is not possible today is one of the proofs that the Medieval Warm Period (MWP) was warmer than now. In the early 13th century, the first signs of climate change arrived, with more ice in the waters surrounding Iceland, which made communication with Norway difficult and risky.

In 980, it was also feasible to sail to the southern parts of Greenland. Banned from Iceland, Erik the Red saved his life by escaping to Greenland. After five years he came back and pulled off perhaps the first real marketing stunt in history. He told his friends in overpopulated Iceland about the green lands to the west which he had named Green-

land. In the year 985, Erik sailed off with 25 longboats to colonize Greenland. They were hit by a severe storm near the southern tip of Greenland, during which nine ships went down, men and all. The surviving crews established the Eastern and Western settlements. They also brought with them Christianity, as Erik the Red's wife Tjodhilde built a church at Herjolfsnes (see photo below), under the protection of the Archbishop in Nidaros (Trondheim).

A hundred years later it became almost impossible to keep in contact with the settlements on Greenland. When these sites were visited in the 17th century, the ruins were found, and graves, but not any dead people who would have starved to death and not been buried.

It is very likely that the last remaining settlers packed their ships and sailed south to the New England area, where

they became easy prey for Indian tribes along those coasts. The age of the Vikings was the warmest period in more than a 1,000 years, a fact which can be verified in the Greenland ice cores.

The Medieval Warming Period— A Blessing for Farmers

In northern Europe, the MWP was a blessing for poor rural farmers, who supplemented their harvest with fishing and hunting. There are many examples of medieval paintings showing rich harvests. At this time, it was possible to grow crops and cereals on the summits of southeastern Scotland at Lammermuir Hills, 320 metres above sea level.

The Kelso Abbey owned a farm in southern Scotland which had over 100 hectares under cultivation at 300 metres above sea level, well beyond today's limit. Today traces of these cultivations



The age of the Vikings was the warmest period in more than a 1,000 years, a fact which can be verified in the Greenland ice cores. The Vikings established the Eastern and Western settlements on Greenland. They also brought with them Christianity, as Erik the Red's wife Tjodhilde built a church at Herjolfsnes.

can still be found on hills around England and Scotland.

Even in a period of a warmer climate, there were cold spells. Fluctuating grain prices at the time are a good barometer of changing temperatures.

Winemaking

Another important sign of a mild climate during the MWP is the fact that England was a major wine-producing country. Between 1100 and 1300, vineyards spread across southern and central England and as far north as Hereford.

Commercial vineyards flourished 300 to 500 kilometres north of their 20th-century limits.

During the height of the MWP, the French tried to negotiate trade agreements excluding British wines from the continent. How the climate changed year by year can be found in the vineyard archives indicating when the grapes were ready to be harvested. Between 1100 and 1300, night frosts were unknown in the month of May.

Cathedral Building

Because the warm climate during the 12th and 13th centuries ensured good harvests, not every living man had to work in the fields to secure enough food for the winter. The sudden appearance of a free workforce—or unem-

ployment that perhaps caused social unrest—led to the start of cathedral-building and to golden days for architects. The Notre Dame cathedral in Paris was commissioned by Bishop Maurice de Sully in 1159.

In England, Canterbury Cathedral was started in 1170 and another in Lincoln in 1192, just to mention a few. The surge in Gothic cathedral-building, financed by a surplus of labour and wealth, was never repeated in later centuries.

Bridge Building

During the MWP, there was also a lot more rainfall in areas where there is a lot

less today. Examples of this can be found in the city of Palermo on the island of Sicily. Here they built the Ponte dell’Ammivaglio bridge across the river Oreto in 1113. There is today a very small stream flowing under it. Another example is Pont d’Avignon in the lower Rhone area, built between 1177 and 1185.

The Norse discovery of America, settlements in Iceland and Greenland, and European conquests and the building of cathedrals all over the continent are a consequence of a global climatic phenomenon. They are an enduring legacy of the Medieval Warm Period.

“Another important sign of a mild climate is the fact that England was a major wine-producing country. Between 1100 and 1300, vineyards spread across southern and central England and as far north as Hereford.”

Copper Mining in the Alps

During late prehistoric times, numerous copper mines had flourished in the Alps, until advancing ice sealed them off. Late Medieval miners were able to reopen some of them when the ice retreated.

A Colder Climate Approaches

The first sign of a new cold period approaching was when the northern pack ice came all the way down to the Icelandic coast and polar bears went ashore. This happened the first time in 1203. During this first phase of an arriving colder climate, very strong gales, storms, and floods hit the North Sea and Atlantic coasts of Europe. These storms were not only a big problem for fishermen and seafarers, who lost their lives, but the storms also transported sand over land and created large sand dunes.

The flourishing port of Kenfig near Port Talbot in south Wales had to be abandoned after a severe storm deposited a high sand dune over the harbour. Many villages at this time had major problems with wandering dunes burying both forests and villages. On the 19th of August, 1413, the small town of Forvie near Aberdeen was buried under a 30-metre-high sand dune.

Storms and Floods

During the 13th century, very heavy storms and floods took place. It is esti-



When the MWP arrived, the island of Helgoland off the North Sea coast of Germany had a diameter of 60 km. Due to storms in 1300, half of the island, with many churches and villages, disappeared into the sea, leaving an island with a 25-km diameter. Today, the largest stretch of the island is only 1.5 km.

ated that, during the storms that took place in 1200, 1212-1219, 1237, and 1362, at least 100,000 people were killed along the North Sea coasts of Germany and Holland. During this time, the Zuider Zee in the northern part of the Netherlands was carved out from prime farmland. The last storm was nicknamed “Grote Mandrake,” or the “great drowning of man.”

Floods often combined with storms at high tide, and in 1240 and 1362, sixty parishes along the Danish and German North Sea coasts were swallowed by the sea.

Half of all the farmland in the Schleswig-Holstein area was destroyed by salt water.

When the MWP arrived, the island of Helgoland off the North Sea coast of Germany had a diameter of 60 kilometres. Due to storms in 1300, half of the island, with many churches and villages, disappeared into the sea, leaving an island with

a 25-km diameter. Today, the largest stretch of the island is only 1.5 km.

In 1315 Flanders stood more or less under water and prevented Louis X's military campaign from moving in. Horses sank to their saddle girths, wagons bogged down into the mud. The infantry stood knee-deep in the boggy fields. As food ran short, King Louis X quickly had to retreat. The thankful Flemings wondered if the floods were a divine miracle, already giving climate change a religious touch.

Overall, 1315 was a bad year with cold weather and torrential rains. Thousands of hectares of cereals did not ripen and hay could not be cured properly. The following year was also a terrible year, with rain and floods in central Europe.

Intense gales battered the Channel and the North Sea. Storms reported in 1421, 1446, and 1570 caused more than 400,000 fatalities.

Areas along rivers were also heavily flooded at times. One year, Cologne was flooded and it was possible to row a boat over the city wall. The following year, it was so dry that one could walk across the Rhine. Europeans were getting used to severe storms, floods, droughts and cold winters.

In 1588 the British Navy was fighting the Spanish Armada off the western coast of Ireland. They were hit by a severe storm and the Spanish Armada lost more ships due to the storm than to the battle with the British Navy.



Londoners have not forgotten when the Thames froze during cold winters. Peter Breughel's painting *Hunters in the Snow* shows a snowy landscape with farmers skating on a frozen canal while some men are getting ready to go out hunting. The year was 1565, the first great winter of the Little Ice Age.

The Little Ice Age

The inhabitants in central Europe were invaded by ice and glaciers. During the 16th century, the “little ice age” was over Europe. Rivers, canals, and parts of the seas froze in the winters. Farmlands endured floods and cold summers, with failing harvests and famine. Between 1315 and 1319, Europe experienced a serious food crisis that killed tens of thousands of people. The same thing happened in 1714 and 1816, the year without a summer caused by the eruption of Mt. Tambora in present-day Indonesia. It is believed to be the most spectacular eruption during the last 15,000 years. Many of the extreme winters were most likely initiated by volcanic activity, when ashes spread in the upper atmosphere and shaded the sunlight.

Peter Breughel’s painting *Hunters in the Snow* shows a snowy landscape with the farmers skating on a frozen canal while some men are getting ready to go out

hunting. The year was 1565, the first winter of the Little Ice Age. Londoners have not forgotten when the Thames froze during those cold winters.

In 1658, King Carl X Gustav of Sweden took advantage of the fact that the southern Baltic Seas was ice-covered. He marched his troops over the ice and attacked the Danes from the south. He won a quick victory and a peace treaty was signed in Roskilde which gave Sweden the districts of Halland, Blekinge, and Scania, today the southern part of the country.

The fact that the natural southern borders of Sweden are in the Baltic sea today are due to the Little Ice Age, which made it possible to move Swedish troops over the ice to the island of Fyn.

Glaciers In the Alps

With the Little Ice Age arrived, glaciers in the Alps started to grow and surge



When the Little Ice Age arrived in the 1500s, the speed of the glacial attack on villages in Switzerland occurred at a rate of 20 metres per year, destroying homes and fields. At the time, this was perceived as a calamity. Today, when the glaciers are withdrawing, it too is perceived as a calamity.

down valleys quite rapidly. The speed of the glacial attack on villages in Switzerland, which destroyed homes and fields, occurred at 20 metres per year.

At the time, this was perceived as a calamity but today, when the glaciers are withdrawing, that fact is regarded as a disaster.

In 1589, the Allalin Glacier near Visp descended so low that it blocked the Saas Valley and formed a lake. In 1595, the Giétroz Glacier in the Pennine Alps pressed into the bed of the Dranse River.

Seventy people died when floods submerged the town of Martigny.

In 1926, a beam in a house near Bagnes was found with the inscription, "Maurice Ollier had this house built in 1595 the year Bagnes was flooded by the Giétroz Glacier." (In 1599-1600, alpine glaciers pushed downwards and destroyed villages and farmland in the Chamonix area.)

Clouds

Hans Neuberger, a famous meteorologist, studied the clouds shown in 6,500 paintings completed between 1400 and 1967 and displayed in 41 art museums in the United States and Europe.

His statistical analysis revealed a slow increase in cloudiness between the beginning of the 15th century and mid-sixteenth century, followed by a sudden jump in cloud cover, with lows clouds



In 1595, Giétroz Glacier in Switzerland melted naturally, causing massive flooding and death. Its melting again caused major flooding and death in 1818.

increasing sharply after 1550. After 1850 the amount of cloud cover decreased.

Conclusion

When in history has the climate been unchanging? Cooling caused failing harvests resulting in migrations and wars for survival. To mention just a few more examples, the potato famine in Ireland in the 1840s killed one million people and the failing harvest in Finland in 1866-8 killed 100,000 people, 15% of the Finnish population at the time. It is also clear that none of these [climate] events had anything at all to do with human activity.

By Dr. Fred Goldberg. Originally published by the Frontier Centre for Public Policy. (See: fcpp.org)

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Doggerland: Sloping hills and wooded valleys

At One Time, Britain Wasn't an Island

In a report on changing sea levels, *National Geographic* explains that at one time, Britain wasn't an island. It only became an island due to naturally occurring climate change that melted vast sheets of ice that covered great stretches of the planet.

The report says if you look at the area between mainland Europe and the coast of Great Britain, you probably wouldn't guess that Great Britain had been anything but an island. The fact is that roughly 12,000 years ago, as the last major ice age was reaching its end, the area was very different. Instead of the North Sea, the area was a series of gently sloping hills, marshland, and heavily wooded valleys known as Doggerland.

National Geographic says people used to live on Doggerland, which today is under water. Doggerlanders were hunter-gatherers who migrated with the seasons, fishing, hunting, and gathering food such as hazelnuts and berries.

Over time, climate change meant the Doggerlanders were slowly flooded out of their seasonal hunting grounds.

Water locked away in glaciers and ice sheets began to melt, drowning Doggerland. Around 6,000 years ago, the people living there were forced onto higher ground in what is today England and the Netherlands.

Evidence of Doggerland's early residents can be found on the seafloor.

Modern fishermen often find ancient bones and tools that date to about 9,000 years ago.

Using sophisticated seismic survey data acquired mainly by oil companies drilling in the North Sea, scientists have been able to reconstruct a digital model of nearly 46,620 square kilometres (18,000 square miles) of what Doggerland looked like before it was flooded by climate change.



Image: Fossil bones and tools from Doggerland that have been pulled to the surface by trawling British fishermen.

Evidence of Doggerland's early residents can be found on the seafloor. Modern fishermen often find ancient bones and tools that date to about 9,000 years ago.

Doggerland: Changing sea levels

According to *Science Daily*, global sea level rose by more than 120 metres (400 feet) as the vast ice sheets of the last Ice Age melted. This melt-back lasted a long time.

Rice University says it's estimated that the ice sheets at their greatest extent required the evaporation of 50-60 million cubic kilometres from the oceans, and further says that the resulting decrease in sea level was approximately 121 m (400 feet). This reduction in sea level would expose extensive continental shelves, including a land bridge between present-day Alaska and Siberia. Doggerland would also have been exposed.

Doggerland is an area of land now lying underneath the North Sea that connected Great Britain to mainland Europe during and after the last Ice Age. It was gradually flooded by rising sea levels.

Geological surveys have suggested that Doggerland ensured a solid land base



According to *Science Daily*, global sea level rose more than 120 metres (400 feet) as the vast ice sheets of the last Ice Age melted back. The rising sea level covered Doggerland, turning Britain into an island.

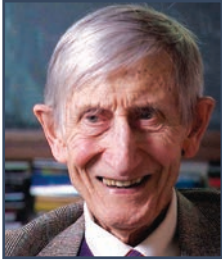
from Britain's east coast all the way to the Netherlands, the western coast of Germany, and to the Jutland peninsula. Many scientists believe Doggerland was probably a rich habitat with human habitation in what is referred to as the Mesolithic period.



The thing about climate change that people should consider a scam is not whether the climate is changing... Earth's climate has always been changing... and will continue to change.

The scam about climate change is when politicians declare that they know exactly what's causing it, and say they can "fix" it by creating billions in new taxes.

Respected thinkers and scientists who reject climate change alarmism



Physicist Freeman Dyson has been a giant in his field for decades. The British-born, Princeton-based professor acknowledges the mechanism by which human action can influence the climate, yet indicates the computer models can't capture what's really going on. Dyson has also written and commented widely about the benefits of CO-2 on the planet—something few scientists have yet to do.

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Bjorn Lomborg is a Danish scientist famous for his book *The Skeptical Environmentalist*. Like Dyson, he's not an outright denier, but rather, he thinks the current approach to global warming is misguided and that the costs of drastic, short-term action are too high. He thinks people should focus on becoming more adaptable.

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Myron Ebell may be Enemy #1 to the current climate change community. Ebell works for the Competitive Enterprise Institute and chairs the Cooler

Heads Coalition, which comprises many groups that question global warming alarmism.

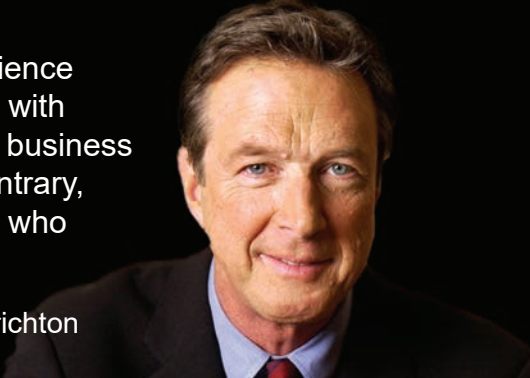


Japanese scientist Kiminori Itoh is the author of *Lies and Traps in the Global Warming Affair*. Itoh does not reject the notion of global warming entirely,

but instead claims that the causes are far more complex than the anti-carbon crowd would have you believe.

“Let’s be clear: the work of science has nothing whatsoever to do with consensus. Consensus is the business of politics. Science, on the contrary, requires only one investigator who happens to be right.”

— Author Michael Crichton





Will Happer is a highly respected physicist out of Princeton. He compares the anti-CO-2 crowd to the prohibitionists prior to the passage of the 18th Amendment. He thinks the influence of CO-2 is vastly overstated, and that the benefits of a modest reduction in it will be negligible.

warming skeptic. His basic belief is that we're in a long-term warming trend and that carbon dioxide has little to do with it, as each additional greenhouse gas molecule has less and less of an effect.



The famous author Michael Crichton has passed away, but through his fiction and nonfiction writings, he remains an important popularizer of scientific ideas. Here's what he said about scientific consensus:

“Let’s be clear: the work of science has nothing whatever to do with consensus. Consensus is the business of politics. Science, on the contrary, requires only one investigator who happens to be right.”



Australian professor Ian Plimer is the author of *Heaven & Earth*, a book that purports to debunk all of the major global warming “myths.”



Alan Carlin is an EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) economist who wrote a paper calling global warming a “hoax.”

He's become a celebrity over the understanding that he was censored by the EPA for being a heretic.



Ivar Giaever is a climate skeptic with a Nobel Prize. He says that climate change orthodoxy has become a “new religion” for some, and that the data isn't nearly as compelling as it should be to get the kind of conformity that’s being sought.



Patrick Michaels is a CATO scholar and a George Mason University professor.

Michaels is widely quoted as a global

This list of the world’s “10 Most-Respected Global Warming Skeptics” was compiled by *Business Insider*. See: www.businessinsider.com/the-ten-most-important-climate-change-skeptics-2009-7

Visit Grassroots Alberta on Facebook



Climate policy: Fake it 'til you make it

When it comes to climate change, it's reported that Climatologist Judith Curry (short bio below) says the UN's IPCC reports typically neglect the "Uncertainty Monster" in projecting future climate trends. At her climate blog, Curry posted an entry titled "Climate Policy: Fake It 'Til You Make It."

Curry refers to an article by Tim Kruger from Oxford. The title reads "Abandon Hype in Climate Models." Excerpt from that Kruger commentary:

"...to model what you want to happen, rather than what there is evidence could happen, is to lose the thread of reality. It is redolent [reminiscent] of a defeated leader issuing orders to armies that have long since ceased to exist.

"Should modellers be able to model what they like? Of course. Scenarios

allow us to undertake useful... experiments that provide us with the means to assess potentially novel approaches.

"Some will defend the use of these technological imaginaries in IPCC [climate change] scenarios by arguing that without them hopes of avoiding dangerous climate change are forlorn and that this would generate a degree of despair that would undermine the will to act.

"But that is not the role of models. 'Fake it 'til you make it' may work as a tactic, but it is a lousy strategy. As the dust settles on the Paris Agreement and policymakers face up to the challenge of achieving the ambition set out by their leaders, we need to reflect on what actually needs to happen. Policymakers can only hope to develop realistic plans, if the basis on which they are making those plans is itself realistic."

Airbrushed out

Respected climate expert Dr. Judith Curry is professor and former chair of the School of Earth and Atmospheric Sciences at the Georgia Institute of Technology. But as a "luke warmer"—who believes in man-made global warming but not the catastrophic variety beloved by alarmists—she has grown increasingly distant from climate alarmists. She earlier appeared on a list of "20 women making waves in the climate change debate" at the website of the International Council for Science (ICSU).



The ICSU was founded in 1931 to "promote international scientific activity in the different branches of science and its application for the benefit of humanity." Even so, when an alarmist organization in Australia called the Climate Council appropriated the list for its own propaganda purposes, the 20 women were mysteriously reduced to 19. The Climate Council—a non-profit run by Australian alarmist Tim Flannery—had given Curry the airbrush treatment.

UN official reveals real reason behind warming scare

Last fall, *Investor's Business Daily* published an editorial about Christiana Figueres, the former executive secretary of the UN's Framework Convention on Climate Change. At a Brussels news conference, the editorial indicated, Figueres admitted that the goal of environmental activists is not to save the world from ecological calamity, but to destroy capitalism.

"This is the first time in the history of mankind that we are setting ourselves the task of intentionally, within a defined period of time, to change the economic development model that has been reigning for at least 150 years, since the Industrial Revolution," she said.



Former UN climate chief Christiana Figueres said: "This is probably the most difficult task we have ever given ourselves, which is to intentionally transform the economic development model for the first time in human history."

Referring to a new international treaty environmentalists hope will be adopted at the Paris climate change conference later this year, she added: "This is probably the most difficult task we have ever given ourselves, which is to intentionally transform the economic development model for the first time in human history."

"The only economic model in the last 150 years that has ever worked at all is capitalism."

- *Investor's Business Daily*

Investor's Business Daily points out that

the only economic model in the last 150 years that has ever worked at all is capitalism. The evidence is beyond dispute: The countries that have embraced free market capitalism have enjoyed a system in which output has increased dozens of times over, workdays have been halved, and lifespans doubled.

More Background: *Investor's Business Daily* (www.investors.com/politics/editorials/climate-change-care-tool-to-destroy-capitalism/)

"No matter if the science of global warming is all phony... climate change [provides] the greatest opportunity to bring about justice and equality in the world."



Former Canadian Environment Minister Christine Stewart explaining that climate change policy is the road to realized left-wing ideology.

Yellow Brick Road to climate change

The Wizard Behind the Green Curtain

Not long ago, *Quadrant* online did a profile of Maurice Strong, the man who, more than any other, redefined a trace gas as the meal ticket for tens of thousands of climate functionaries. The article was written by John Izzard.

Like Dorothy, Lion, Tin Man, and Scarecrow in *The Wizard of Oz*, Izzard said, we've all been dancing down the Yellow Brick Road of "settled science" in search of answers from the Emerald City, only to find what we suspected all along—the Wizard has been telling us fibs.

Izzard asks: "But who exactly is the Wizard? And where did this seeming-madness all begin?"

Answering his own question, Izzard says the man behind the green curtain—the man who managed to get the climate industry to where it is today—is a mild-mannered character by the name of Maurice Strong.

Maurice Strong, a self-confessed socialist, was the man who put the United Nations into the climate and environmental business. He was the shadowy figure behind the UN Secretaries General from U Thant to Kofi Annan. His reign of influence in world affairs lasted from 1962 to 2005.

In 1972, he organized for [UN Secretary General] U Thant the first Earth Summit, the Stockholm Conference on the Human Environment. This led to the

Maurice Strong's Earth Council



According to Maurice Strong's own account, the Earth Council was established to better facilitate Agenda 21 as something that could easily be accepted and embraced at the local level—towns, cities, and provinces.

Strong wrote: "The Earth Council undertook to help set up many National Councils for Sustainable Development, whose task was to help governments and civil society to co-operate in implementing the Earth Summit Agenda. Another important endeavour was to encourage support for a body called the International Council for Local Environmental Initiatives (ICLEI), whose purpose was to help cities and towns throughout the world develop their own Local Agenda 21, based on Rio's global agenda."

What Is Sustainable Development

The term "sustainable development" was first introduced in a report produced by the United Nations World Commission on Environment and Development (also called the Brundtland Commission). The report was authored by Gro Harlem Brundtland, VP of the World Socialist Party. The term "sustainable development" was then offered as official UN policy in 1992 in a document called UN Sustainable Development Agenda 21. Subsequently, the term "sustainable development" has increasingly become a phrase that many committed socialists use to refer to their overall economic agenda.

formation of UN Environment Program (UNEP) with Strong at its head.

Later, as the UNEP boss, Strong organized the first international expert group meeting on climate change.

This led to exotic UN-sponsored organizations such as Earth Council and Earth Charter, the World Resources Institute, the World Wildlife Fund, and later the Commission for World Governance and the UN's University for Peace.

Izzard says Strong was the driving force behind the idea of world governance by the United Nations.

Strong wanted a world tax on monetary transactions of 0.5%, which would have given the UN an annual income exceeding \$1 trillion.

Strong also founded the Earth Council Institute in 1992. He recruited world luminaries. In 2000, Earth Charter was formed as a further push by Strong to create a world governing body.

Maurice Strong Speaking at the Rio Earth Summit

“This Conference must establish the foundations for effecting the transition to sustainable development. This can only be done through fundamental changes in our economic life and in international economic relations, particularly as between industrialized and developing countries. Environment must be integrated into every aspect of our economic policy and decision-making as well as the culture and value systems which motivate economic behaviour.”

- Maurice Strong, speaking at the Rio Earth Summit (June 1992)

It is apparent from the above quote that when Maurice Strong spoke of “sustainable development” at the Rio Earth Summit, he was referring to “fundamental changes” in the economic affairs of individual lives, and of a “fundamental change” in international economic relations. He's speaking about a form of government rather than an approach to economic development.

When global socialists use the phrase “sustainable development,” they are not speaking of property rights and economic incentives. Instead, the term usually refers to their overall global agenda for the world.

“Global warming has become a new religion. We frequently hear about the number of scientists who support it. But the number is not important; only whether they are correct is important.

“The facts are that in the last 100 years... temperatures [have] gone up 0.8 degrees C and everything in the world has gotten better. So how can [we] say it's going to get worse when we have the evidence? We live longer, [have] better health, and better everything. But if it goes up another 0.8 degrees C we are going to die, I guess.”

— Nobel Laureate Scientist Ivar Giaever



Dr. Tim Ball on global governance



Dr. Tim Ball is a retired professor who taught at the University of Winnipeg from 1971 until 1996.

Ball rejects the notion of man-made climate change, stating that carbon dioxide is not a greenhouse gas.

Dr. Ball has worked with the Friends of Science and the Natural Resources Stewardship Project, and is a research fellow at the Frontier Centre for Public Policy.

In his book *The Deliberate Corruption of Climate Science*, Ball wrote: “In the political climate [of radical] environmentalism and its exploitation, some demand a new world order and they be-

“When we allow science to become political then we are lost. We will enter the internet version of the Dark Ages, an era of stifling fears and wild prejudices, transmitted to people who don’t know any better.”

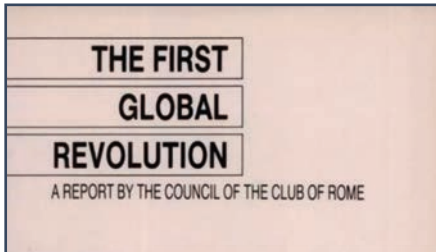
- Dr. Tim Ball

lieve this can be achieved by shutting down the industrialized nations. It was a major theme of the Club of Rome, driven by studies like *The Limits to Growth* and Paul Ehrlich’s book *The Population Bomb*.”

Ball refers to a report by the Club of Rome called *The First Global Revolution*. At one point that report states:

“In searching for a common enemy against whom we can unite, we came up with the idea that pollution, the threat of global warming, water shortages, famine and the like, would fit the bill.”

The full text of that section from the Club of Rome Report is below.



The common enemy of humanity is Man

Page 75

In searching for a common enemy against whom we can unite, we came up with the idea that pollution, the threat of global warming, water shortages, famine and the like, would fit the bill. In their totality and their interactions these phenomena do constitute a common threat which must be confronted by everyone together. But in designating these dangers as the enemy, we fall into the trap, which we have already warned readers about, namely mistaking symptoms for causes. All these dangers are caused by human intervention in natural processes, and it is only through changed attitudes and behaviour that they can be overcome. The real enemy then is humanity itself.

- Report by the Council of the Club of Rome

Climate change: Edmonton was a lake; Saskatoon was under a mile of ice by Kevin Avram

Climate change and sea level adjustments have been going on for millennia. During the most recent ice age, global sea levels were hundreds of feet lower than today. Russia and Alaska were connected by a landmass that according to *Scientific American*, may have been hundreds of miles wide. People lived on that land. At the same time, Britain was once solidly attached to mainland Europe by an immense territory (now under water) called Doggerland.

During the last ice age, Ontario and Quebec were totally ice-covered; in places, that ice was two miles (3 km) thick. Saskatoon was under a mile of ice. Modern-day Chicago and New York were ice-covered. An 18,000-ton rock from Mount Edith Cavell near Jasper sits a few kilometres west of Okotoks today. It's referred to as a glacial erratic because it was moved there by melting ice.

The ground upon which the Alberta legislature sits was a lake bottom, walled by solid ice. The valley just south of the legislature was cut by rushing water as the massive ice sheets turned to water.

The Benefits of CO-2

Few politicians mention the beneficial impact of CO-2 on plants and the world's food supply. Botanists tell us



The ground upon which the Alberta legislature sits was a lake bottom, walled by solid ice. The valley just south of the legislature was cut by rushing water as the massive ice sheets turned to water.

that CO-2 sparks agricultural production and healthier forests.

The governments of Alberta and Ontario—despite their war on CO-2—employ people and maintain websites that carefully explain how to accelerate CO-2 release in greenhouses to improve the health, growth, and production of plants.

Freeman Dyson, the brilliant scientist who was a colleague of Einstein's, says if it wasn't for current CO-2 levels, the world's food supply would be suffering. Still others point out that long before the Industrial Revolution, indications are that global CO-2 was many times higher than today.

A Costly Political War

At a recent U.S. Congressional hearing, it was pointed out that if the U.S. terminated every one of its coal-fired electrical plants—which generate nearly 40% of U.S. power—“the total reduction of CO₂ in the globe would only be two-tenths of 1%.” One Congressman asked why the U.S. would want to destroy its economy for such a thing.

In Germany, due to that nation’s political war on CO₂—and the resulting runaway electrical rates—it’s reported that hundreds of thousands have been forced off the electrical grid.

The Manhattan Institute says German residential electrical rates have climbed to 40 cents per kilowatt-hour (compared with average U.S. residential prices of about 12.5 cents).

In Canada, European-style electrical policies have already resulted in Ontario overpaying for electricity by \$37 billion. That number is expected to reach \$170 billion by 2032.

In Alberta, Rachel Notley and her colleagues are working to outlaw coal-fired electricity, in essence, working to ensure that Albertans get to experience firsthand the same economic calamity that these others have come to know. A recent Global news story says Alberta’s electrical rates could triple by 2021. Regardless of a person’s viewpoint, the odd thing about it all is that while Alberta shuts down its low-cost coal plants, others are building them. This spring, Indonesia is said to have broken



The *Times* (London, UK)

ground for a new \$4-billion 2,000-megawatt coal-fired power station. And a December report in the *Times* (London, UK), says that 2,400 coal-fired power stations are currently under construction or being planned worldwide.

Notes to the Preceding Article

With respect to the German experience, “Energy Policies and Electricity Prices: Cautionary Tales from the EU” by the Manhattan Institute can be seen at: <http://economics21.org/html/energy-policies-and-electricity-prices-cautionary-tales-eu-1729.html>

The U.S. Energy Administration has published a chart of residential electrical rates in Europe and the United States. The highest-priced European nations are Denmark and Germany. That chart can be seen at: <https://www.eia.gov/todayinenergy/detail.cfm?id=18851>

The *Times* of London story, “2,500 new coal plants will thwart any Paris pledges,” can be seen at: <http://www.thetimes.co.uk/tto/environment/article4629455.ece>

A short video excerpt of the U.S. Congressional hearing that is directly quoted and referenced in this piece can be seen at: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G3frFmSmHdw>

The story of Edmonton at the bottom of a lake is sourced to the book *In Search of Ancient Alberta*, page 246, published by Heartland Publications.

The “Duckspeak” of climate change by Tom Harris

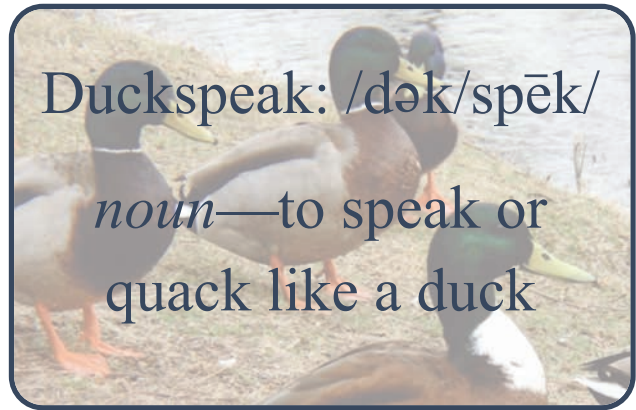
We hear it all the time: “Climate change is real,” “97% of experts agree,” “we must increase our use of green energy to reduce carbon pollution.”

But it is all “Duckspeak,” precisely what George Orwell warned us about in his novel *1984*. Duckspeak was a form of speech consisting entirely of words and phrases approved by the controlling party in Orwell’s disturbing vision of a dystopian future.

Someone who had mastered Duckspeak could fire off ideologically pure assertions like bullets from a machine gun, without thinking, their words emanating from their larynx like the quacking of a duck. Being called a Duckspeaker was a compliment in *1984* since it indicated one was well-versed in the official language and views of the state.

We are now in an era of climate change Duckspeak. Rather than being merely ridiculous or social satire, the purpose of climate Duckspeak is ominous: To convince opinion leaders and the public to think about climate change only as the government and eco-activists want.

To support alternative points of view is “climate change denial,” today’s version of thought crime, punishable by excommunication from responsible citizenry. Prime Minister Justin Trudeau sets the



stage for climate change Duckspeakers by repeatedly asserting, “climate change is real.”

Trudeau’s claim is correct but trivial, since the climate is always changing. It is the Duckspeak equivalent of proclaiming “sunrise is real.”

But Trudeau is employing a strategy right out of *1984*. His statements imply that experts have concluded that unusual climatic events are happening because of humanity, and that government must save us.

U.S. President Barack Obama does the same, asserting in the Cutting Carbon Pollution in America section of the White House website: “I refuse to condemn your generation and future generations to a planet that’s beyond fixing.”

Referring to greenhouse gases (GHG) as “carbon pollution,” as both Obama and the Canadian government do regularly, is pure Duckspeak.

“Carbon pollution” conjures up subconscious images of dark and dangerous emissions of soot. But what they are almost always discussing is carbon dioxide (CO-2). But were they to call it that, most people would be unconcerned, remembering from grade school that CO-2 is a trace gas essential for plant photosynthesis.

“So government and climate campaigners mislabel it as ‘carbon’ to frighten the public and discourage critical thinking.”

So government and climate campaigners mislabel it as “carbon” to frighten the public and discourage critical thinking, closely following Big Brother’s strategy in Orwell’s classic. Similarly, Trudeau and Obama err when they refer to low CO-2 emitting energy sources as “clean” or “green” since CO-2 isn’t unclean.

But the label promotes an image of environmental wholesomeness, hiding the ineffective and damaging nature of many alternative energy sources. Finally, the “97% of experts agree” phrase is designed to suppress debate. After all, who would dare contest experts about

such a complicated issue? But appealing to authority or consensus is a logical fallacy that proves nothing about nature.

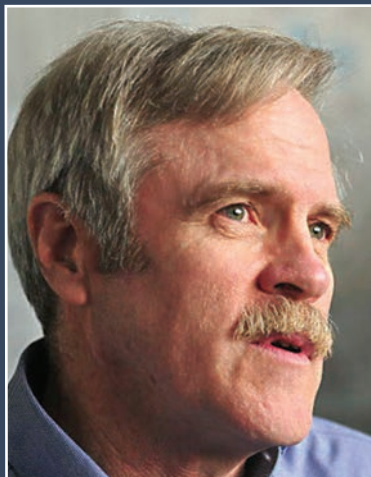
Regardless, the surveys used to back up the consensus argument are unconvincing. They either asked the wrong questions, or asked scientists who don’t research the causes of climate change, or

polled mostly those who would obviously agree with the government.

It is not surprising, then, that language tricks like Orwell’s DUCKSPEAK are being used today to justify the unjustifiable in the war of words over global warming.

Tom Harris is executive director of the Ottawa-based International Climate Science Coalition. Versions of this commentary have appeared elsewhere in Canada and the United States. This version is excerpted with permission from the *Toronto Sun* and from the author.

See: www.torontosun.com/2016/06/03/the-duckspeak-of-climate-change



“The climate cannot be predictably managed with such [emission reduction] proposals given the uncertainty of natural variations. For example, to make a 10 percent dent in CO-2 would require 1,000 nuclear power plants and this would still not make a measurable difference on whatever the climate will do anyway.”

— Dr. John Christy

Alabama State climatologist Dr. John Christy of the University of Alabama (formerly of NASA) served as a UN IPCC lead author for the 3rd assessment report and detailed how he witnessed scientists distorting the science.

Continued from page 48

The ideology, preaching, and cost of climate change

Interestingly, Nobel prize-winning scientist Ivar Giaever says global warming isn't science. He says it's a new religion. In a recent report, Townhall.com explained why Giaever is right.

Townhall quotes Patrick Moore, a founder and past president of Greenpeace. Moore, who holds an earned Ph.D. and calls himself a "sensible environmentalist," says he quit the environmental movement because it's no longer based on science. It's become a "political activist movement."

Moore even identifies the point when socialism co-opted and took over the environmental movement. Moore said:

The collapse of world communism and the fall of the Berlin Wall during the 1980s added to the trend toward extremism. The Cold War was over and the peace movement was largely disbanded. The peace movement had been mainly Western-based and anti-American in its leanings. Many of its members moved into the environmental movement, bringing with them their neo-Marxist, far-left agendas.

To a considerable extent the environmental movement was hijacked by political and social activists who learned to use green language to cloak agendas that had more to do with anti-capitalism and anti-globalization than with science or ecology.



In Alberta, the ideological voice of climate change is coming to radio and TV stations near you—courtesy of your own tax dollars.

In Alberta, the Notley government is a practitioner of what Giaever calls a new religion. Following on the heels of policies set down by Ontario, Alberta announced that all its low-cost coal-fired electrical plants will be closed. Billions in new taxes will be raised and spent on Ontario-like energy schemes. Rachel Notley and her colleagues foolishly claim their schemes will save the planet and diversify the economy.

In fact, they're so confident of it that they're spending millions of our tax dollars to get people to believe them. Make no mistake about it, in Alberta, the ideological voice of climate change is coming to radio and TV stations near you—courtesy of your own tax dollars.

by Kevin Avram

The ideology, preaching, and cost of climate change

A recent national news story (Global) says Fay Knox knows what it's like to live off the grid. Knox lives alone, on a pension, in a small house in the Ontario town of Lancaster. Her power has been cut off twice for non-payment. This March, her bill was \$299.67.



A *Toronto Sun* story showed Maria Leschynsky, an 88-year-old pensioner in Scarborough, with a two-month power bill of \$1,695.

this staggering rise is that the Ontario government deliberately shut down all its coal plants, which formerly provided about 25% of Ontario's electricity. The province then shifted in many cases to expensive and heavily subsidized renewables. The government claims its policies

are based on the "settled science" of global warming.

Continued on previous page

Jennifer Shaver lives at Ontario's Oxford Station. She shuts off her water heater during the day, hangs laundry outside, and never uses the A/C. Despite strict conservation, her monthly bills are over \$300.

Growing numbers in Ontario say they can't afford to stay in their homes because of excessive power bills. Manufacturers are fleeing. They can't afford Ontario's power. Tens of thousands of jobs have been lost.

In a 2016 news report, Toronto Hydro said consumption has dropped by nearly 25% over ten years. Even so, electrical bills are in a steep climb. Individuals and even some businesses have stopped using A/C, complaining that electrical bills are in runaway mode.

According to the Climate Science Coalition, Ontario electrical prices have increased more than 300% over the early part of the previous decade, producing one of the highest rates in North America. It says an important cause for

Notley's Carbon Tax on Albertans

Type of Fuel	Alberta Carbon Levy*
Aviation gas	7.47 ¢/L
Aviation jet fuel	7.75 ¢/L
Bunker fuel	9.55 ¢/L
Butane	5.34 ¢/L
Coal coke	\$95.39 /tonne
Coke oven gas	2.10 ¢/m ³
Diesel	8.03 ¢/L
Ethane	3.06 ¢/L
Gas liquids	4.99 ¢/L
Gasoline	6.73 ¢/L
Heating distillate oil	8.27 ¢/L
Heavy fuel oil	9.53 ¢/L
High-heat value coal	\$66.56 /tonne
Kerosene	7.71 ¢/L
Locomotive diesel	8.90 ¢/L
Low -heat value coal	\$53.09 /tonne
Methanol	3.26 ¢/L
Naphtha	6.73 ¢/L
Natural gas	\$1.517 /GJ
Raw gas	\$1.72 /GJ

* Alberta government annual carbon tax levy, after provisions of the Notley government's Bill 20 are established.



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The purpose of Grassroots Alberta Citizens Initiative is to promote the responsible and efficient use of tax dollars and to carry out an educational role with respect to wealth creation and responsible public policy. Grassroots Alberta Citizens Initiative is a project of the Grassroots Alberta Landowners Association.

Thanks for standing up for responsible government!





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